



RE-GLOBE SPECIAL LECTURE

5th Sustainable Development Goal: Achieve Gender Equality and Empower all Women and Girls

5 GENDER
EQUALITY



It is undeniable that because of gender bias women have faced prejudice and inequality in a society culturally, economically, and politically dominated by men. In fact, gender equality in a material sense is a necessary condition to reach women empowerment, which is a concept based on a socio-political ideal envisaged to realise women's full potential and freedom of decision making both within and outside home.

However, women's empowerment only can be achieved when advancement in the conditions of women is accompanied by their ability to influence the direction of social change gained through equal opportunities in economic, social and political spheres of life. The United Nations since 1945 has been working for this purpose. The UN Charter set out among its goals "to reaffirm faith in fundamental human rights, in the dignity and worth of the human person, [and] in the equal rights of men and women", which was followed by Universal Declaration of Human Rights in 1948. Still in 1946 the UN established the Commission on the Status of Women (CSW) which worked on drafting the Convention on the Elimination of all Forms of Discrimination Against Women (CEDAW) adopted on 18 December 1979 and its optional protocol in 1999, considered altogether the "Women Bill of Rights". Under the evolvement of the women rights agenda, the UNGA adopted in 2015 the Resolution Transforming our world: 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development (UN 2030 Agenda), in which the 5th Goal is to *achieve gender equality and empower all women and girls*. In this special lecture, we will look at the tangible measure set out by the UN 2030 Agenda to reach women's empowerment and the multilateral actions that have been undertaken worldwide for this objective.



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REFORMING THE GLOBAL ECONOMIC GOVERNANCE:
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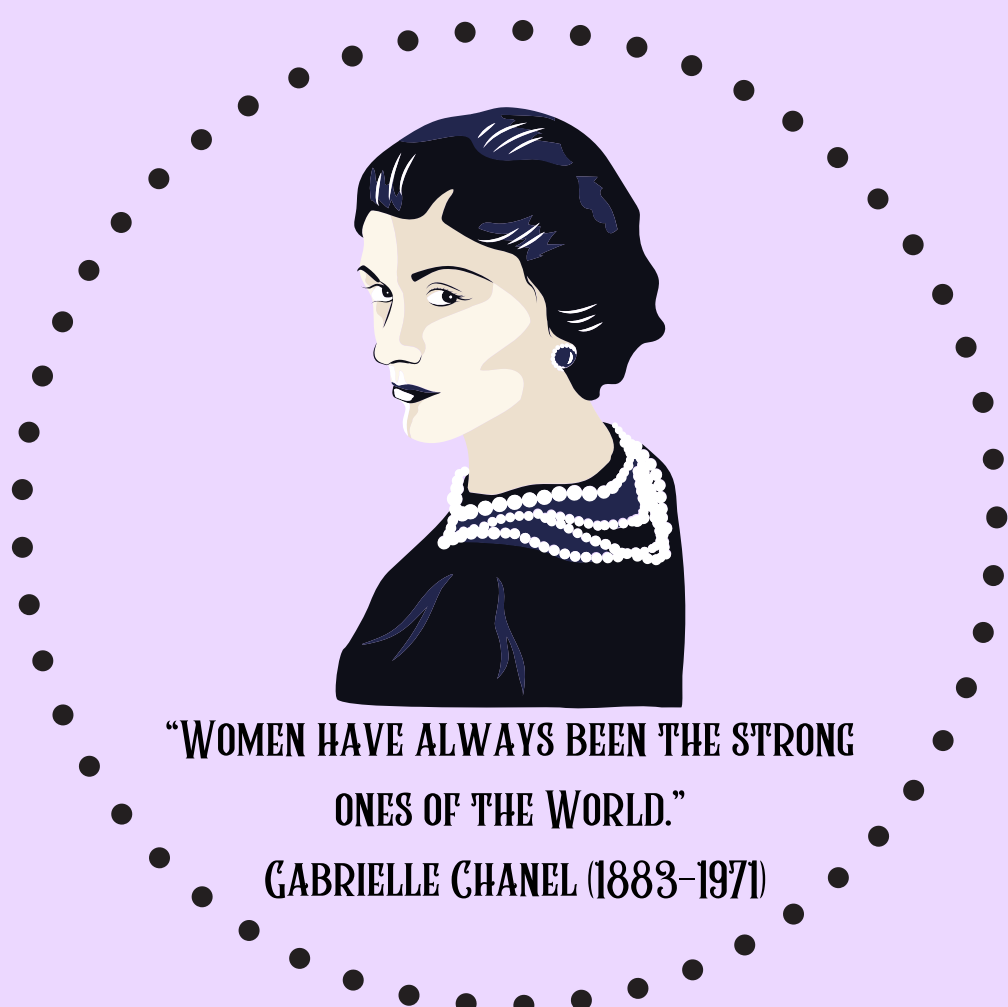


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